1. Sigmund Freud’s psychoanalytic view of human behavior was based on the idea that we are motivated by ____________________ instincts and repressed conflicts from ________________________________.

2. The behaviorists’ (Pavlov and Watson) viewpoint was radically opposed to the psychoanalytic school and proposed that behavior is generated ______________ the person through various ____________________ or ____________________ stimuli. In other words, we ___________ our emotional reactions.

3. Summarize the methodology of the Little Albert experiment.

4. Define “generalization” and explain how Little Albert experienced/demonstrated it.

5. True or false (circle one): The conditioned emotional responses persisted in new settings and also over time as well.

6. Why weren’t Watson and his colleagues able to recondition Albert and remove his fear?

7. Why was this study able to be conducted despite all of its ethical concerns?

8. It has frequently been demonstrated that behaviors acquired through conditioning can be __________ because of other experiences or simply because of the passage of ____________. This is a well-established process in learning psychology called ____________________.

9. Which of the more recent applications to Watson’s work did you find the most interesting? Why?